


CORRECTED (if checked)

PAYER'S name, street address, city, state, ZIP code and telephone no. INTEGRATED DATA MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS ACCOUNT ABILITY COMPLIANCE SOFTWARE 555 BROADHOLLOW ROAD SUITE 273 MELVILLE NY 11747-5001 631-249-7744/SALES DEPT		1 Gross distribution \$ 970000.00	OMB No. 1545-0119 2019 Form 1099-R	Distributions From Pensions, Annuities, Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy B Report this income on your federal tax return. If this form shows federal income tax withheld in box 4, attach this copy to your return. This information is being furnished to the Internal Revenue Service.			
PAYER'S TIN 13-3249958		2a Taxable amount \$ 615000.00	Total distribution <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				
RECIPIENT'S TIN XXX-XX-0023		3 Capital gain (included in box 2a) \$	4 Federal income tax withheld \$ 135000.00				
RECIPIENT'S name, street address, city, state, and ZIP code  JOHN DOE 33 EAST 17 STREET UNIT 2101 NEW YORK NY 10003-2005		5 Employee contributions /Designated Roth contributions or insurance premiums \$	6 Net unrealized appreciation in employer's securities \$				
10 Amount allocable to IRR within 5 years \$		11 1st year of desig. Roth contrib.	FATCA filing requirement <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	7 Distribution code(s) 7K	IRA/SEP/SIMPLE <input type="checkbox"/>	8 Other \$ 13500.00	% 18
12 State tax withheld \$ 87500.00 \$ 43500.00		13 State/Payer's state no. NY/133249958 NJ/133249958001	14 State distribution \$ 635000.00 \$ 335000.00				
Account number (see instructions) 567755575574		Date of payment 02/12/2019	15 Local tax withheld \$ 38750.00	16 Name of locality NYC	17 Local distribution \$ 205000.00 \$		

Form 1099-R

Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

Instructions for Recipient

Generally, distributions from retirement plans (IRAs, qualified plans, section 403(b) plans, and governmental section 457(b) plans), insurance contracts, etc., are reported to recipients on Form 1099-R.

Qualified plans and section 403(b) plans. If your annuity starting date is after 1997, you must use the simplified method to figure your taxable amount if your payer didn't show the taxable amount in box 2a. See the instructions for Form 1040 or 1040NR.

IRAs. For distributions from a traditional individual retirement arrangement (IRA), simplified employee pension (SEP), or savings incentive match plan for employees (SIMPLE), generally the payer isn't required to compute the taxable amount. See the Form 1040 or 1040NR instructions to determine the taxable amount. If you are at least age 70½, you must take minimum distributions from your IRA (other than a Roth IRA). If you don't, you are subject to a 50% excise tax on the amount that should've been distributed. See Pub. 590-A and Pub. 590-B for more information on IRAs.

Roth IRAs. For distributions from a Roth IRA, generally the payer isn't required to compute the taxable amount. You must compute any taxable amount on Form 8606. An amount shown in box 2a may be taxable earnings on an excess contribution.

Loans treated as distributions. If you borrow money from a qualified plan, section 403(b) plan, or governmental section 457(b) plan, you may have to treat the loan as a distribution and include all or part of the amount borrowed in your income. There are exceptions to this rule. If your loan is taxable, code L will be shown in box 7. See Pub. 575.

Recipient's taxpayer identification number (TIN). For your protection, this form may show only the last four digits of your TIN (SSN, ITIN, ATIN, or EIN). However, the payer has reported your complete TIN to the IRS.

FATCA filing requirement. If the FATCA filing requirement box is checked, the payer is reporting on this Form 1099 to satisfy its chapter 4 account reporting requirement. You also may have a filing requirement. See the Instructions for Form 8938.

Account number. May show an account, policy, or other unique number the payer assigned to distinguish your account.

Date of payment. Shows the date of payment for reportable death benefits under section 6050Y.

Box 1. Shows the total amount you received this year. The amount may have been a direct rollover, a transfer or conversion to a Roth IRA, a recharacterized IRA contribution; or you may have received it as periodic payments, as nonperiodic payments, or as a total distribution. Report the amount on Form 1040 or 1040NR on the line for "IRAs, pensions, and annuities" (or the line for "Taxable amount"), and on Form 8606, as applicable. However, if this is a lump-sum distribution, see Form 4972. If you haven't reached minimum retirement age, report your disability payments on the line for "Wages, salaries, tips, etc." on your tax return. Also report on that line permissible withdrawals from eligible automatic contribution arrangements and corrective distributions of excess deferrals, excess contributions, or excess aggregate contributions except if the distribution is of designated Roth contributions or your after-tax contributions or if you are self-employed.

If a life insurance, annuity, qualified long-term care, or endowment contract was transferred tax free to another trustee or contract issuer, an amount will be shown in this box and code 6 will be shown in box 7. If a charge or payment was made against the cash value of an annuity contract or the cash surrender value of a life insurance contract for the purchase of qualified long-term care insurance, an amount will be shown in this box and code W will be shown in box 7. You need not report these amounts on your tax return. If code C is shown in box 7, the amount shown in box 1 is a receipt of reportable death benefits that is taxable in part.

Box 2a. This part of the distribution is generally taxable. If there is no entry in this box, the payer may not have all the facts needed to figure the taxable amount. In that case, the first box in box 2b should be checked. You may want to get one of the free publications from the IRS to help you figure the taxable amount. See Additional information on the back of Copy 2. For an IRA distribution, see IRAs and Roth IRAs on this page. For a direct rollover, other than from a qualified plan to a Roth IRA, zero should be shown, and you must enter zero (-0-) on the "Taxable amount" line of your tax return. If you roll over a distribution (other than a distribution from a designated Roth account) from a qualified plan (including a governmental section 457(b) plan) or section 403(b) plan to a Roth IRA, you must include on the "Taxable amount" line of your tax return the amount shown in this box plus the amount in box 6, if any.

(Continued on Copy C)